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**TAJIKISTAN**

## SNAPSHOT

# How 1 Gram Made 100 Kilograms

**With USAID's support people are solving agriculture problems in Tajikistan**



*Saodat Shabonova holds some of the potatoes she grew from true potato seeds.*

**"I am so happy my family now has good potato seed for several years and besides that we learned the technology of producing them ourselves," said Shabonova.**

Saodat Shabonova and her husband were astounded by the harvest: each potato plant produced 44 tubers. Saodat is an agriculture volunteer in the mountainous village of Kul, in eastern Tajikistan for a program funded by USAID and implemented by Mercy Corps. She is 36 years old and lives with her five children and husband. The family has less than one half acre of land and they grow potatoes mainly, as do most of the people in the area.

Because of the lack of reliable seed potatoes and information about how to produce them, harvests are poor. Yields decrease because potatoes kept for planting from the previous year's harvest acquire diseases and produce less each successive year. Buying new seed potatoes are costly and risky because, unlike in more developed countries, there is no government agency to certify the quality.

This year, through the USAID program, agriculture volunteers received training on how to produce seed potatoes from *true potato seeds*. Along with potatoes growing below ground, a potato plant produces a small tomato-like fruit containing hundreds of tiny "true seeds". After picking, the fruits are kept in a dark, cool place for one month. Later they are put in water for three days before being minced and squeezed. The seeds that sink to the bottom are the fertile true potato seeds. When planted, these tiny seeds produce normal potato plant. Unlike actual potatoes, true seeds do not pass diseases from one generation to the next, resulting in healthy potato crop from which potatoes can be kept for planting the next year with very little yield degradation.

Saodat was not entirely convinced of their benefit when she planted true potato seeds. But when September came, she gathered 120 kilograms of high-quality seed potatoes which will ensure much improved harvests in the coming seasons. "I am so happy my family now has good seed potatoes for several years. Besides that we learned the technology of producing them ourselves," said Saodat.

The technology Saodat and other people in Tojikobod district learned help them save money – they can now produce their own seed potatoes and don't have to buy them from others. In future, perhaps they will be selling high-quality seed potatoes in the local market.